



Extending ICT Research Co-operation
between the European Union, Eastern
Europe and the Southern Caucasus

Presentation of the initial findings from consultations with the stakeholders and top researchers in Belarus

Consultation Workshop,
Minsk, 11 March 2010

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Project co-funded by the European Commission under Theme 3 “Information and Communication Technologies” of the 7th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development.

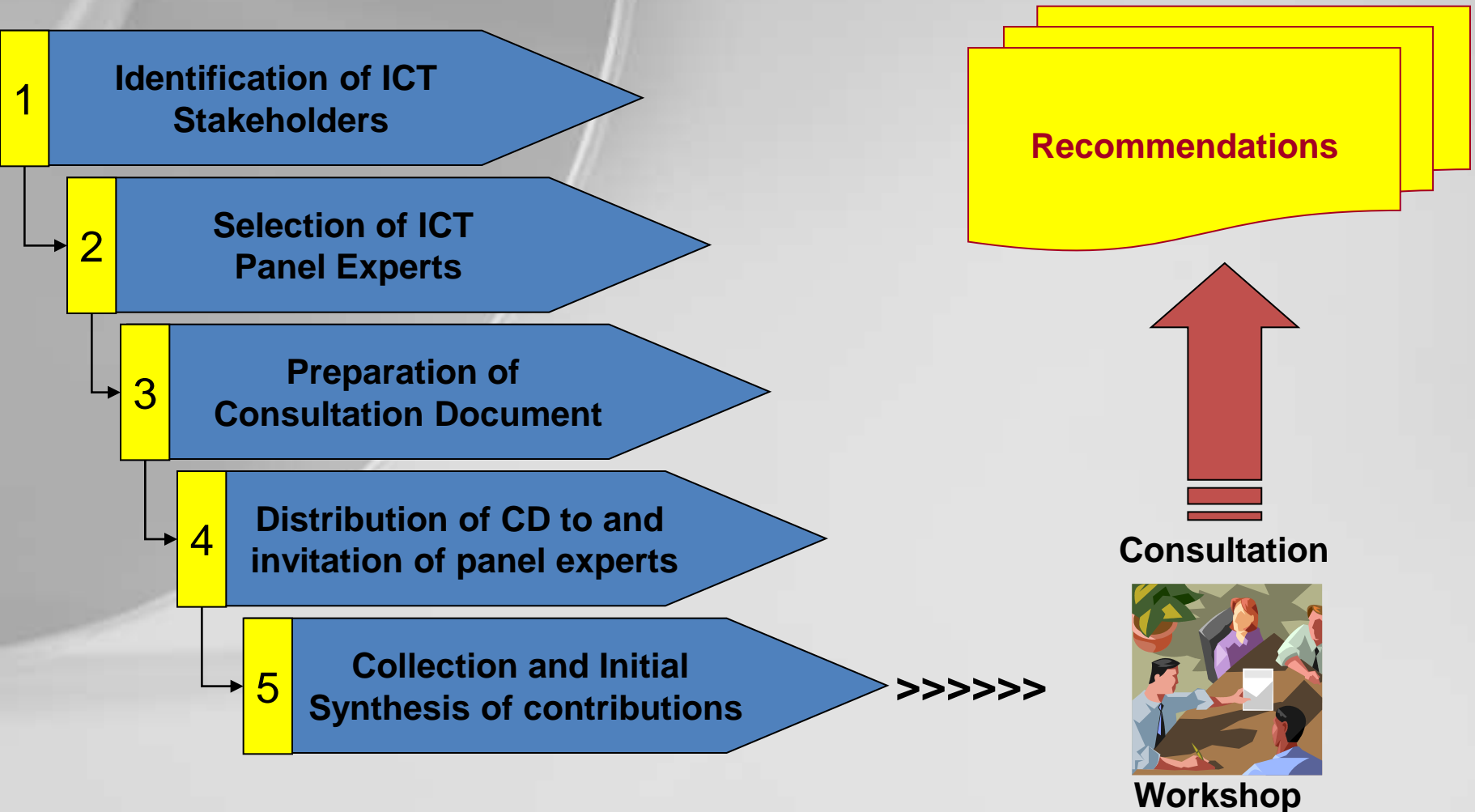


The Consultations' Objectives

- ❑ The key objective of the consultations is to obtain feedback from ICT stakeholders in order to identify research priorities that:
 - reflect the actual Belarus research capacities and potential,
 - meet the technological / industrial trends, and
 - and address real socio-economic needs.
- ❑ The research priorities are the main element for:
 - for the development of recommendations for shaping ICT research co-operation between the EU, Eastern Europe and the Southern Caucasus for the period 2010-2015.

The recommendations will provide valuable input for the shaping of future annual FP7 ICT work programmes and calls for proposals.

The Consultation Process



Who are the respondents?

- 29 stakeholders filled in the questionnaire, of which
 - 1 from public bodies,
 - 10 from universities,
 - 11 from R&D institutions, including 9 from the National Academy of Sciences,
 - 5 from technological parks and associations (NGOs),
 - 2 from SMEs.



Prioritizing the current R&D fields in Belarus

NOTE: (1) high priority (2) medium priority

The image shows a screenshot of a Microsoft Word document titled "EXTEND_Consultation_Document_Belarus-Ablameyko-fin (1) - Microsoft Word". The document contains two tables side-by-side, detailing ICT R&D fields and their current grading. The tables are as follows:

Id.	ICT R&D Fields	Current grading
1	<i>Pervasive and Trustworthy Network and Service Infrastructure</i>	
1.1	The Network of the Future	2
1.2	Internet of Services, Software & virtualisation	2
1.3	Internet of Things and enterprise environments	3
1.4	Trustworthy ICT	2
1.5	Networked Media & 3D Internet	3
1.6	Future Internet Experimental Facility & Experimentally-driven Research	2
2	<i>Cognitive Systems, Interaction, Robotics</i>	
2.1	Cognitive Systems and Robotics	1
2.2	Language Based Interaction	2
3	<i>Components, systems, engineering</i>	
3.1	Nanoelectronics Technology	2
3.2	Design of Semiconductor Components and Electronic-based Miniaturised	2

Id.	ICT R&D Fields	Current grading
4.1	Digital libraries and digital preservation	2
4.2	Technology-Enhanced Learning	3
4.3	Intelligent information management	2
5	<i>Towards sustainable and personalised healthcare</i>	
5.1	Personal Health Systems	1
5.2	ICT for Patient Safety	1
5.3	Virtual Physiological Human	3
5.4	International Cooperation on Virtual Physiological Human	3
6	<i>ICE for Mobility, Env'l Sust. & Energy Efficiency</i>	
6.1	ICT for Safety and Energy Efficiency in Mobility	3
6.2	ICT for Mobility of the Future	2
6.3	ICT for Energy Efficiency	2



The current ICT R&D fields in Belarus (1)

	FP7 Challenges	Number of Experts	Average Score
1	<i>Pervasive and Trustworthy Network and Service Infrastructure</i>		
1.1	The Network of the Future	20	2,43
1.2	Internet of Services, Software & Virtualization	25	1,64
1.3	Internet of Things and enterprise environments	25	2,17
1.4	Trustworthy ICT	25	1,88
1.5	Networked Media & 3D Internet	24	2,54
1.6	Future Internet Experimental Facility & Experimentally-driven Research	23	2,48
2	<i>Cognitive Systems, Interaction, Robotics</i>		
2.1	Cognitive Systems and Robotics	22	2,00
2.2	Language Based Interaction	25	2,16



The current ICT R&D fields in Belarus (2)

	FP7 Challenges	Number of Experts	Average Score
3	<i>Components, systems, engineering</i>		
3.1	Nanoelectronics Technology	23	1,83
3.2	Design of Semiconductor Components and Electronic-based Miniaturised Systems	24	1,82
3.3	Flexible, Organic and Large Area Electronics	18	2,22
3.4	Embedded Systems Design	22	2,23
3.5	Engineering of Networked Monitoring and Control Systems	24	2,17
3.6	Computing Systems	26	1,62
3.7	Photonics	17	2,06
3.8	Organic Photonics and other Disruptive Photonics Technologies	13	2,38
3.9	Microsystems and Smart Miniaturised Systems	23	2,04

The current ICT R&D fields in Belarus (3)

	FP7 Challenges	Number of Experts	Average Score
4	<i>Digital Libraries and Content</i>		
4.1	Digital libraries and digital preservation	28	1,71
4.2	Technology-Enhanced Learning	26	2,08
4.3	Intelligent information management	27	2,11
5	<i>Towards sustainable and personalised healthcare</i>		
5.1	Personal Health Systems	24	1,83
5.2	ICT for Patient Safety	22	2,00
5.3	Virtual Physiological Human	21	2,33
5.4	International Cooperation on Virtual Physiological Human	21	2,52

The current ICT R&D fields in Belarus (4)

	FP7 Challenges	Number of Experts	Average Score
6	<i>ICT for Mobility, Env'l Sust.& Energy Efficiency</i>		
6.1	ICT for Safety and Energy Efficiency in Mobility	21	2,81
6.2	ICT for Mobility of the Future	19	2,16
6.3	ICT for Energy Efficiency	21	2,10
6.4	ICT for Environmental Services & Climate Change Adaptation	18	2,06
6.5	Novel ICT solutions for Smart Electricity Distribution Networks (Joint Call ICT-Energy)	19	2,47
7	<i>ICT for independent living, Inclusion & Participatory governance</i>		
7.1	ICT and Ageing	17	2,53
7.2	Accessible and Assistive ICT	18	2,56
7.3	ICT for Governance and Policy Modeling	20	2,05



TOP-9 current ICT priority R&D fields in Belarus: general estimation ($1 > \text{av. score} < 2$)

	FP7 areas	Av. Score
3.6	Computing Systems	1,62
1.2	Internet of Services, Software & Virtualization	1,64
4.1	Digital libraries and digital preservation	1,71
3.2	Design of Semiconductor Components and Electronic-based Miniaturized Systems	1,82
5.1	Personal Health Systems	1,83
3.1	Nanoelectronics Technology	1,83
1.4	Trustworthy ICT	1,88
2.1	Cognitive Systems and Robotics	2,00
5.2	ICT for Patient Safety	2,00

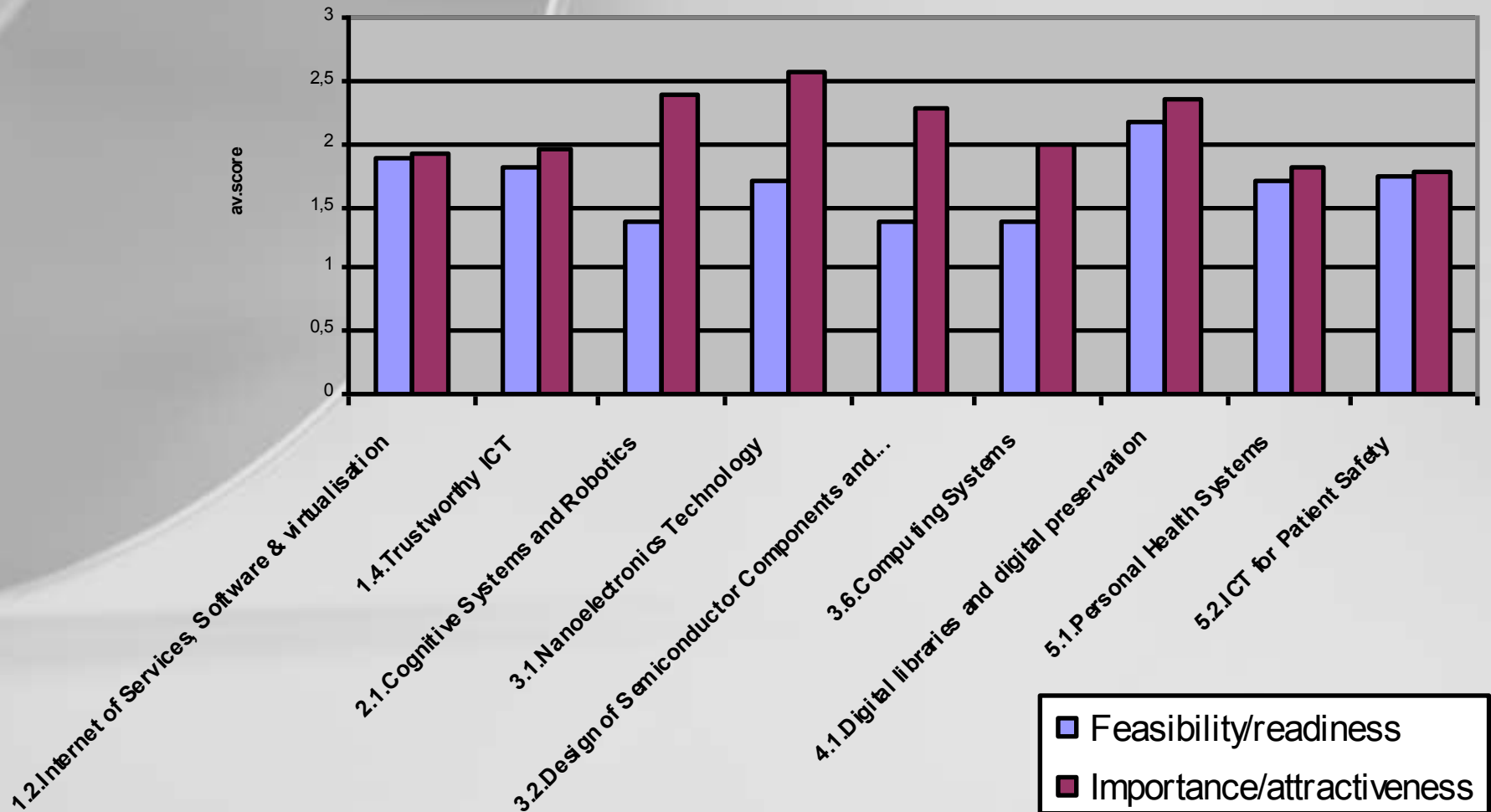


7 Under-priority ICT R&D fields in Belarus ($2,0 < \text{av. score} < 2,1$)

3.7	Photonics	2,06
3.9	Microsystems and Smart Miniaturized Systems	2,04
4.2	Technology-Enhanced Learning	2,08
6.2	ICT for Mobility of the Future	2,10
6.3	ICT for Energy Efficiency	2,10
6.4	ICT for Environmental Services & Climate Change Adaptation	2,06
7.3	ICT for Governance and Policy Modeling	2,05



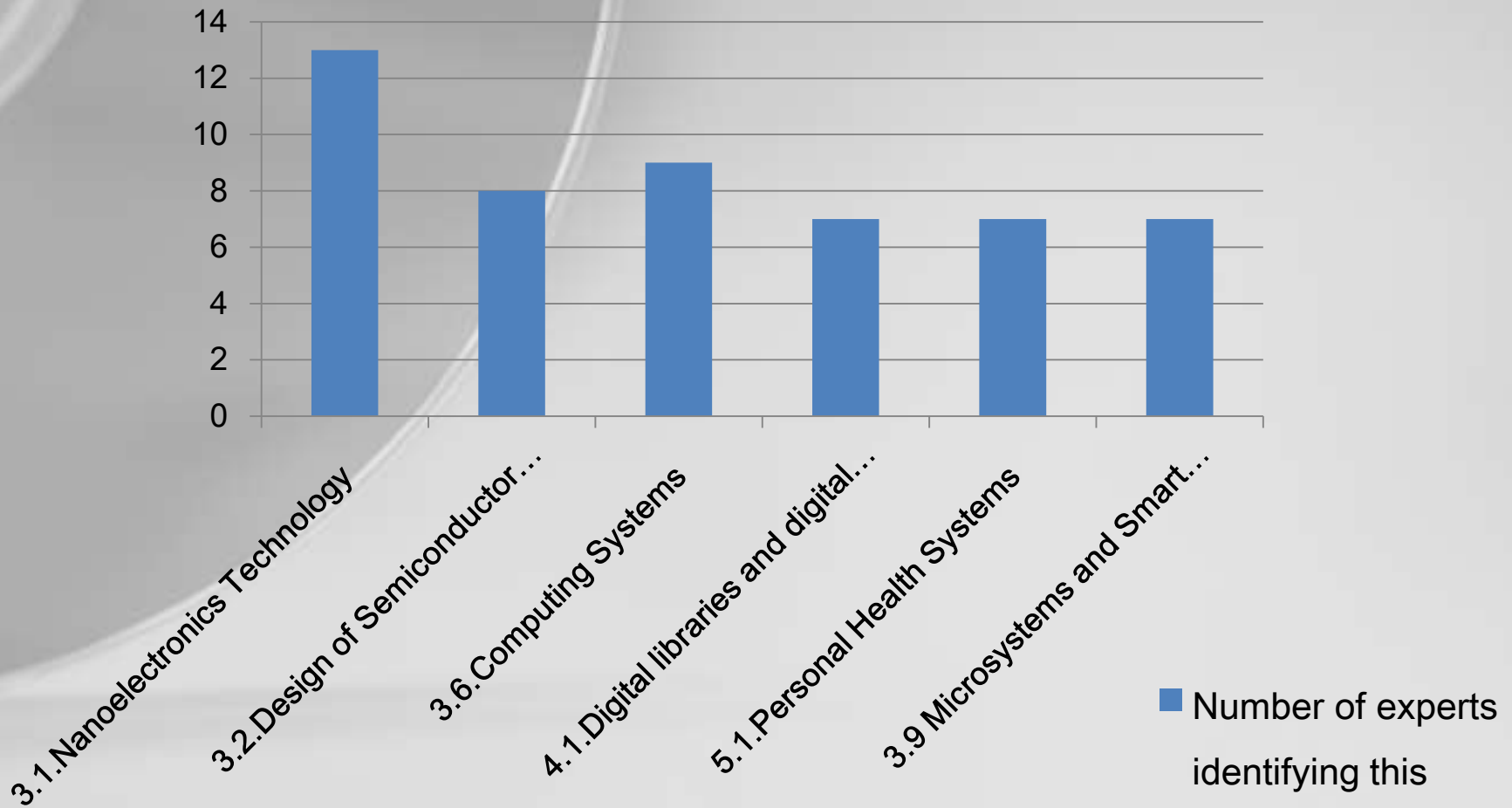
TOP-9 current ICT priority R&D fields: by set of criteria



From the current state to the future

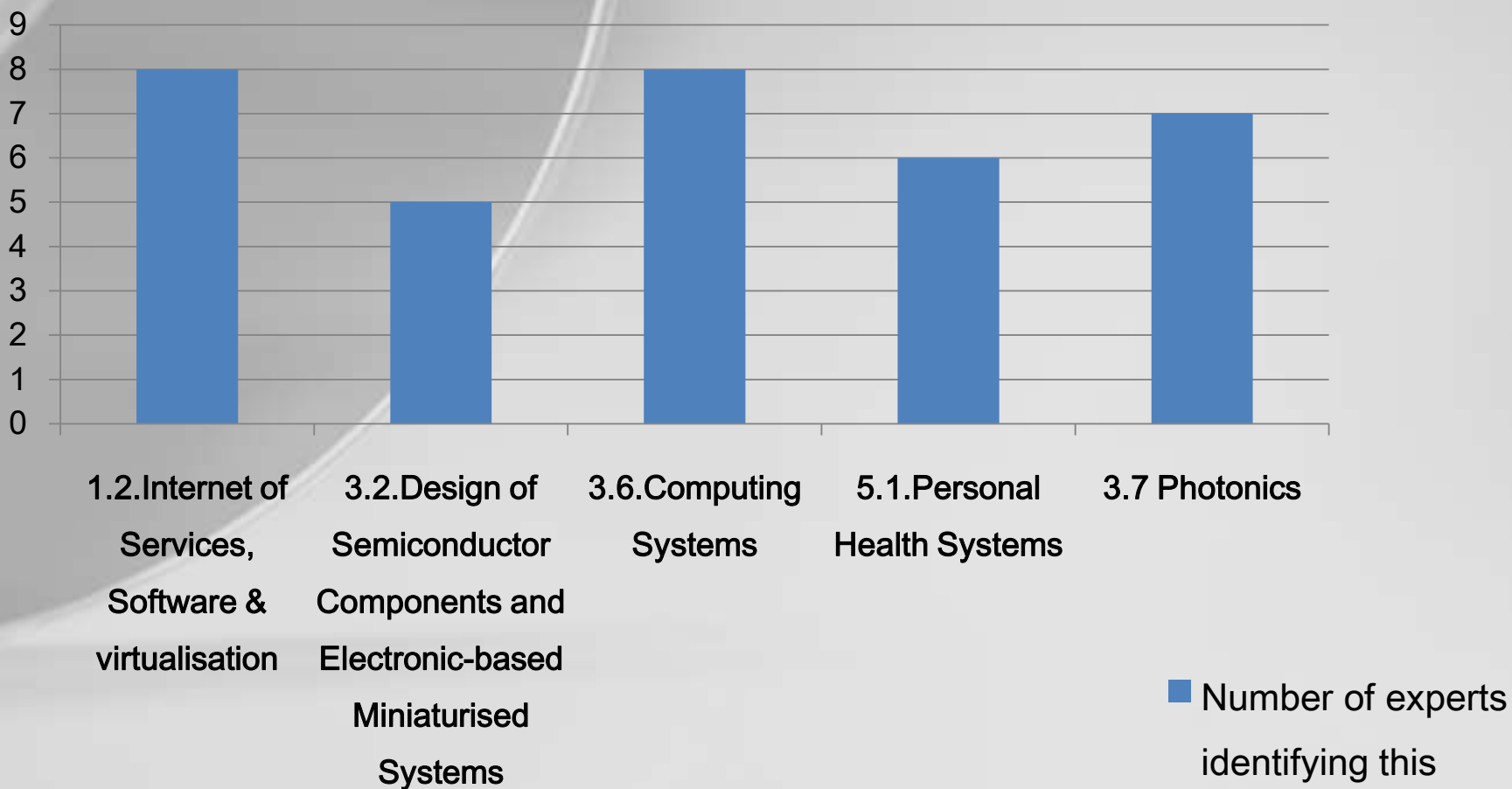


TOP-8 R&D fields with a highest future potential to support the ICT industry



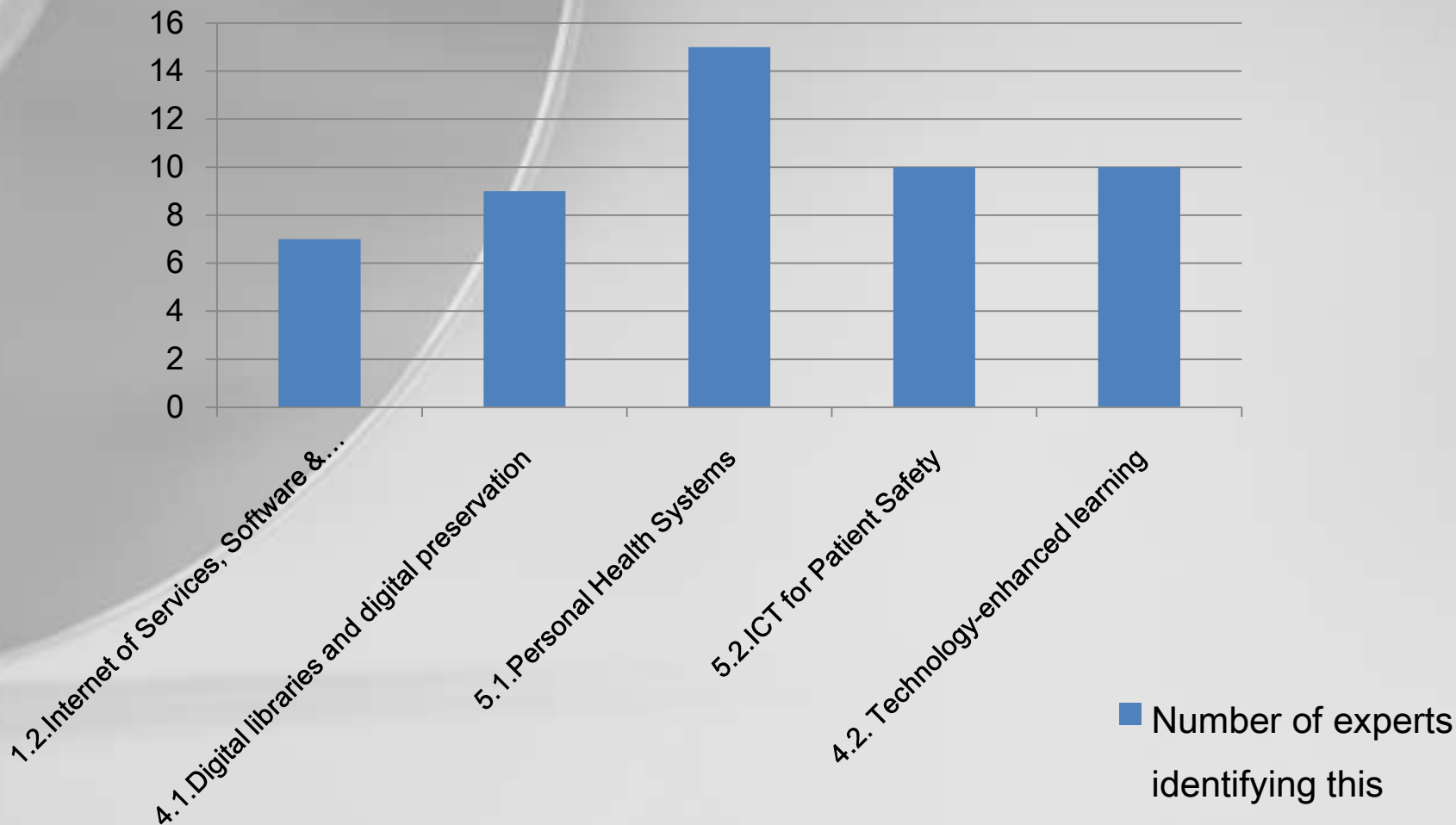


TOP-8 R&D fields with a highest future potential to support private sector including SMEs



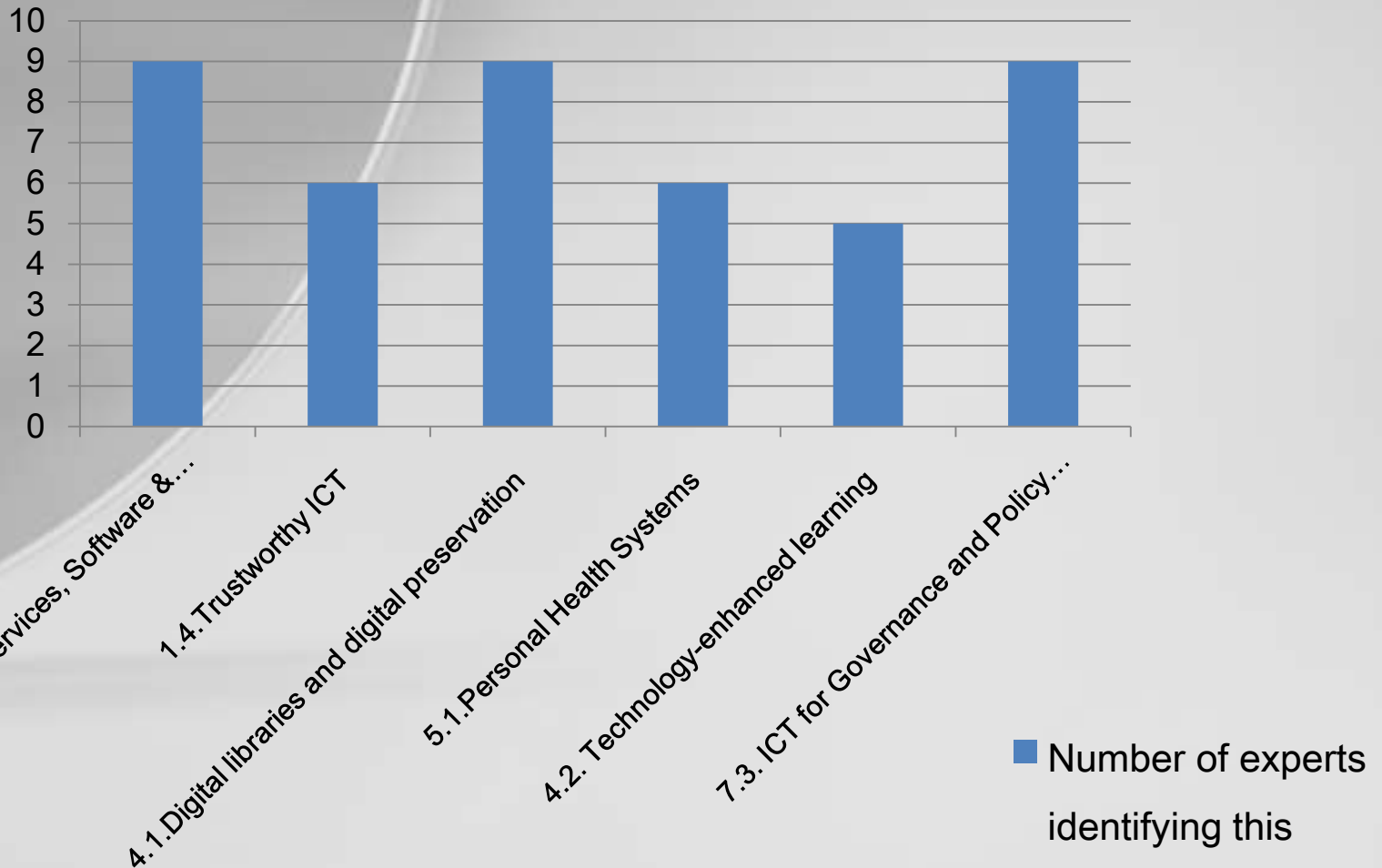


TOP-5 R&D fields having a future potential in meeting key society needs





TOP-6 current R&D fields having a future potential in supporting the effectiveness of public administration and meeting the development needs of the public sector





Most frequently proposed future ICT R&D opportunities beyond the FP7 ICT fields

- **ICT for remote sensing of the Earth**
- **Digital cartography and GIS**
- **Real-time computing systems for technology processes control**
- **ICT for Space**
- **GRID technologies**
- **Medical information systems**



Top-8 R&D priorities for 2010-2015 in Belarus

	FP7 areas
3.6	Computing Systems
5.1	Personal Health Systems
1.2	Internet of Services, Software & Virtualization
3.1	Nanoelectronics Technology
7.3	ICT for Governance and Policy Modeling
2.1	Cognitive Systems and Robotics
4.1	Digital libraries and digital preservation
5.2	ICT for Patient Safety
Components, systems, engineering	
Towards sustainable and personalized healthcare	

Let's compare

Current priorities
Computing Systems
Internet of Services, Software & Virtualization
Digital libraries and digital preservation
Design of Semiconductor Components and Electronic-based Miniaturized Systems
Personal Health Systems
Nanoelectronics Technology
Trustworthy ICT
Cognitive Systems and Robotics
ICT for Patient Safety

2010-2015 priorities
Computing Systems
Personal Health Systems
Internet of Services, Software & Virtualization
Nanoelectronics Technology
ICT for Governance and Policy Modeling
Cognitive Systems and Robotics
Digital libraries and digital preservation
ICT for Patient Safety

**The findings presented are just a basis
for further discussions and
improvements by the experts.**

**We do hope for your active
participation in the process.**

THANK YOU!